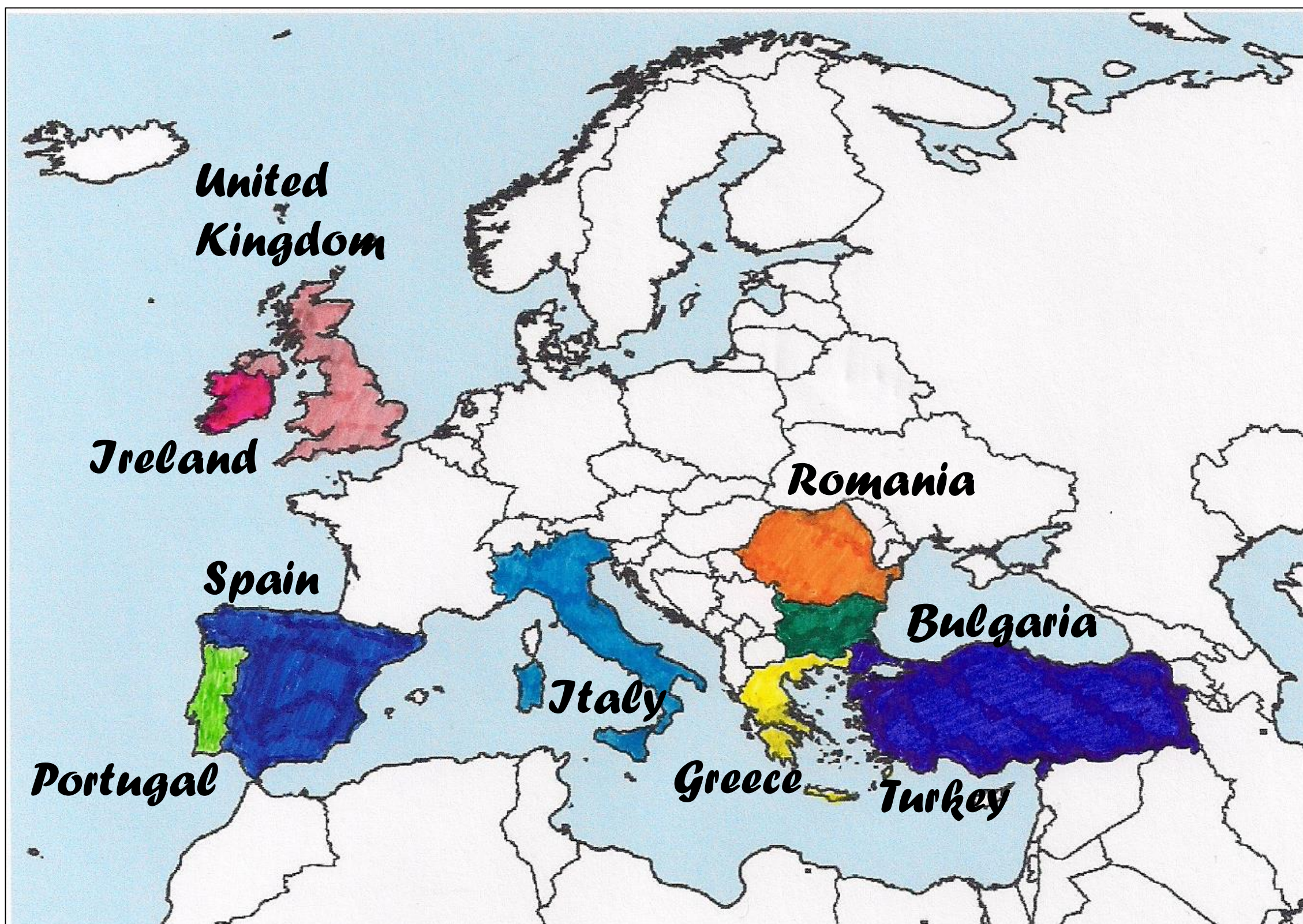


February 2015 in Europe

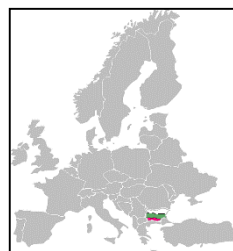


I bambini di 12 scuole europee hanno raccontato cosa è successo nel mese di Febbraio 2015 nella loro scuola, nella loro regione, nella loro nazione. Hanno utilizzato prima la loro lingua, poi il loro lavoro è stato tradotto in inglese per rendere possibile la comunicazione. Il risultato di tutto ciò è «FEBRUARY 2015 IN EUROPE»: un GIORNALE EUROPEO!

Children from 12 European schools have told what happened in February 2015 in their school, in their region, in their Country. They first used their native language and then their work was translated into English to make communication possible. The result of all this is «FEBRUARY 2015 IN EUROPE»: an EUROPEAN NEWSPAPER!



ЦДГ №1 “Щастливо детство” Плевен България



На 17 февруари поканихме нашите родители на фолклорен хумористичен празник. Интерпретирахме моменти от разказите на българския писател - хуморист Чудомир. Включихме много песни, танци и закачки. Нашите родители много се забавляваха, защото бяхме истински артисти. Събитието беше отразено в местната преса.

<http://www.posredniknews.com/site/kultura/obrazovanie/54284-malchuganite-ot-shtastливо-detstvo-byaha-na-razdumka-s-chudomir>



Учим за
рекламата



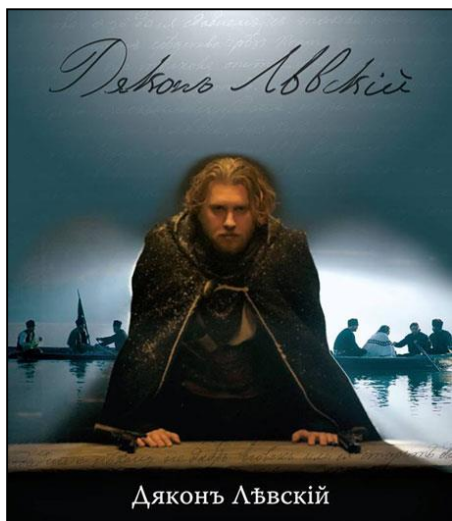
Посетихме рекламна агенция IT DESING. Служителите, които работят там бяха много любезни и ни разказаха за: значението и функцията на рекламата; видове и начини за рекламиране.



Февруари **2015** в Плевен



КУЛТУРНИ СЪБИТИЯ



На 17 и 18 февруари в Плевен се състоя премиерата на най - новия български исторически филм "Дякон Левски". Той разказва за живота и делото на националния герой Васил Левски. Главната роля във филма се изпълнява от Веселин Плачков, актьор от Плевенския драматичен театър. Това е гордост за всички плевенчани.

Февруари **2015** в България

СПОРТНИ НОВИНИ



Художествената гимнастика в България е със силни позиции в световния спорт. Нашите състезателки са спечелили много медали в световни и европейски състезания. С обич ги наричаме "Златните момичета на България".

Български ансамбъл по художествена гимнастика, настоящ световен шампион, започна по отличен начин сезона. Спечелиха златни медали на конкурса Grand Prix в Москва. В руската столица, "златни" момичета показаха две нови съчетания. И буквално взривиха публиката.



Kindergarten №1 "Happy childhood" Pleven Bulgaria



On February 17 we invited our parents of humorous folk celebration. Interprets moments from stories of Bulgarian humorist Chudomir. We included many songs, dances and jokes. Our parents are very fun because we were real artists.

<http://www.posredniknews.com/site/kultura/obrazovanie/54284-malchuganite-ot-shtastlivo-detstvo-byaha-na-razdumka-s-chudomir>



We learn about
advertising



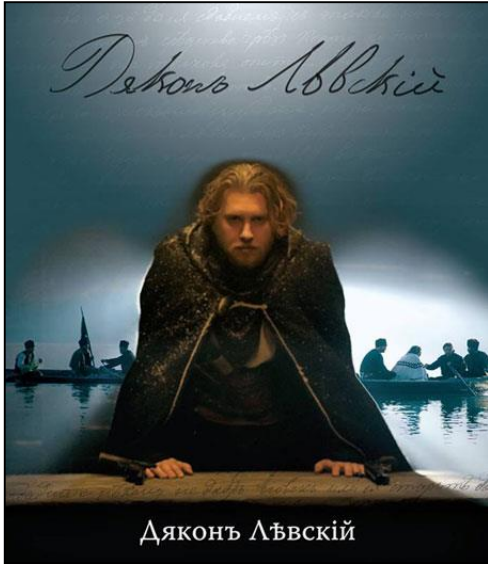
Visited advertising agency IT DESING. Employees who work there were very friendly and told us about: the importance and function of advertising; forms and methods of advertising.



February 2015 in my region



CULTURAL EVENTS



On February 17 and 18 in Plevna was held premiere of the latest Bulgarian historical film "Dyakon Levski. He tells of the life and work of national hero Vasil Levski". The main role in the film is performed by Veselin Plachkov, actor of Plevna Drama Theatre. This is the pride of all of Plevna.

February 2015 in my Country

SPORTS NEWS



The rhythmic gymnastics in Bulgaria is in a strong position in world sport. Our wrestlers have won many medals in World and European competitions. With love we call them "The Golden Girls of Bulgaria".

Bulgarian ensemble in rhythmic gymnastics, the current world champion, started in an excellent way the season. Won gold medals at the Grand Prix competition in Moscow. In the Russian capital, "golden" girls showed two new routines. And literally blew the audience.



Δημοτικό Σχολείο Μανδάλου Μάνδαλο-Ελλάδα



February 2015 in my school



Στις 20 Φεβρουαρίου έγινε ο αποκριάτικος χορός στο σχολείο μας. Όλα τα παιδιά ντυθήκαμε καρναβάλια και χορέψαμε πάρα πολύ. Νεράιδες, πριγκίπισσες, νιτζα και Μαξτιν ήταν οι στολές που κυριαρχούσαν.

Το πιο συναρπαστικό ήταν ότι η τάξη μας χόρεψε γαϊτανάκι και μας θαύμασε όλο το σχολείο. Είναι ένα παλιό αποκριάτικο έθιμο, όπου ο κυκλικός χορός υποδηλώνει τον κύκλο της ζωής, από τη χαρά στη λύπη, από το Χειμώνα στην Άνοιξη, από τη ζωή στο θάνατο και το αντίθετο.

Χόρεψε και η κυρία μαζί μας. Δεκατρία άτομα χρειάζονται για να στήσουν το χορό. Ο ένας κρατά ένα μεγάλο στύλο στο κέντρο, από την κορυφή του οποίου ξεκινούν 12 μακριές κορδέλες, καθεμιά με διαφορετικό χρώμα. Οι κορδέλες αυτές λέγονται γαϊτάνια και δίνουν το όνομά τους στο έθιμο. Γύρω από το στύλο, 12 χορευτές κρατούν από ένα γαϊτάνι και χορεύουν μαζί, σε 6 ζευγάρια, τραγουδώντας το παραδοσιακό τραγούδι.

Καθώς κινούνται γύρω από το στύλο, κάθε χορευτής εναλλάσσεται με το ταίρι του κι έτσι όπως γυρνούν πλέκουν τις κορδέλες γύρω από το στύλο δημιουργώντας χρωματιστούς συνδυασμούς.

Στη συνέχεια ζωγραφίσαμε την Κυρά Σαρακοστή με τα επτά πόδια. Μετά τις απόκριες την άλλη μέρα ξεκινάει η νηστεία για 7 εβδομάδες μέχρι το Πάσχα. Κάθε εβδομάδα θα κόβουμε ένα πόδι της Σαρακοστής για να δούμε πόσες εβδομάδες μας έχουν μείνει. Το τελευταίο πόδι το κόβουμε το μεγάλο Σάββατο της Ανάστασης.



February 2015 in my region



Τσικνοπέμπτη στο Μάνδαλο

Την Τσικνοπέμπτη στο χωριό μας γίνεται μεγάλη γιορτή. Είναι η τελευταία μέρα που τρώμε κρέας γιατί θα ξεκινήσει η νηστεία. Γιορτάζεται 11 μέρες πριν την Καθαρά Δευτέρα. Φέτος ήταν στις 12 Φεβρουαρίου.

Σε κάθε γειτονιά ψήνουν σουβλάκια και χορεύουμε πολύ. Πιατέλες με κρέατα πηγαίνουν σε όλα τα σπίτια για να υπάρχει η μυρωδιά του κρέατος. Το χαμόγελο και η παραδοσιακή μουσική κυριαρχεί. Ζητάμε συγχώρεση από αυτούς που πληγώσαμε και ντυνόμαστε καρναβάλια που υποτίθεται ότι διώχνουν τα κακά πνεύματα του χειμώνα και βοηθάμε έτσι στην εξασφάλιση μιας επιτυχημένης σοδειάς.

February 2015 in my Country



Πατρινό Καρναβάλι

Το Πατρινό καρναβάλι είναι η μεγαλύτερη αποκριάτικη εκδήλωση στην Ελλάδα. Μετρά 180 χρόνια ιστορίας. Το καρναβάλι της Πάτρας δεν είναι μόνο μια συγκεκριμένη εκδήλωση αλλά ένα σύνολο εκδηλώσεων που περιλαμβάνουν χορούς, παρελάσεις, κινήγι κρυμμένου θησαυρού, καρναβάλι των μικρών. Κορυφώνεται την τελευταία Κυριακή των Αποκριών. Φέτος 35.000 καρναβαλιστές σε 141 γκρουπ πήραν μέρος και δεν ποτήθηκαν από τη βροχή. Οι στολές τους φαντασμαγορικές καθώς προετοιμάζονται ένα χρόνο πιο μπροστά. Τα άρματα με το βασιλιά καρνάβαλο και τη βασίλισσα πολύ εντυπωσιακά. Το κέφι απεριόριστο. Είμαστε ένας λαός που το χαμόγελο δε φεύγει από τα χείλη μας και είχαμε την ανάγκη μέσω του καρναβαλιού να σατιρίσουμε καθετί παράξενο. Ακόμη και με την οικονομική κρίση, ο Έλληνας δε χάνει τη ζωντάνια του.



Primary school of Mandalo Mandalo-Greece



February 2015 in my school



The carnival ball

On the 20th of February, a carnival ball took place at our school. All the children dressed up and we danced a lot. Ferries, princesses, ninjas and Maxtin were the predominant costumes.

The most exciting part was when our class danced around a maypole and the whole school admired us. It is an old carnival custom where the circular dance suggests the circle of life from happiness to sadness, from winter to spring, from life to death and the opposite.

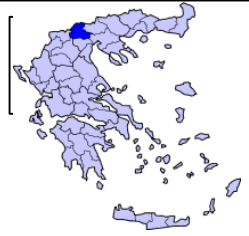
Our teacher danced with us too. Thirteen people are required to start the dance. One of them is holding a big pole in the centre, at the top of which 12 long ribbons are tied, each one of a different colour. These ribbons are called gaitania and this custom takes its name from them. Around the pole, 12 dancers are holding a ribbon each and they dance together, in 6 couples, singing a traditional song.

As they chase each other around the pole, each dancer changes place with their partner and as they move around they weave the ribbons around the pole creating, this way, colourful combinations.

After that we painted Mrs Lent with seven legs. The next day after the carnival people start fasting for seven weeks until Easter. Every week we will cut one of Mrs Lent's legs to show how many weeks are left. We cut the last leg on Saturday before Easter Sunday.



February 2015 in my region



Shrove Thursday in Mandalo

On Shrove Thursday there is a big celebration in our village. It is the last day we eat meat because people will begin fasting. It is celebrated 11 days before the beginning of the lent. This year it took place on the 12th of February.

In every neighbourhood they bake meat on a skewer and we dance a lot. Platters with meat are taken to every house so that there is the smell of meat. Smiles and traditional music are dominant. We ask for forgiveness from those we hurt and we dress up in costumes which are supposed to send away the bad spirits of winter and in that way we help to ensure a successful harvest.

February 2015 in my Country



The carnival in Patras

The carnival in Patras is the biggest carnival festival in Greece. It has a history of 180 years. The carnival in Patras is not only one specific festivity but a series of festivities which include dancing, parades, treasure hunt, kid's carnival. It reaches its peak on the last Sunday of the carnival. This year 35.000 people in 141 groups took part and they were not daunted by rain. Their costumes were fantastic since they prepare for it a year in advance. The floats with the king of carnival and the queen are very impressive. The fun is indescribable. We are people whose smile never leaves our lips and we felt the need to satirize everything strange. Even with the economical crisis, Greeks don't lose their liveliness.



1st Primary School Ptolemaida Hellas



February 2015 in my school



Στο σχολείο μας γιορτάσαμε την αποκριά με γαιτανάκι. Όλοι μασκαρεύτηκαν και χόρεψαν μέσα και έξω από το σχολείο.

Επίσης οι γονείς έψησαν σουβλάκια και λουκάνικα! Όλοι ήρθαμε πολύ κοντά και ζήσαμε στιγμές ξενοιασιάς και κεφιού μακριά από τα προβλήματα της καθημερινότητας και της οικονομικής κρίσης.





February 2015 in my region

Την Τσικνοπέμπτη 12 Φεβρουαρίου το απόγευμα οι πολιτιστικοί σύλλογοι της πόλης συγκεντρώθηκαν στην πλατεία για ατέλειωτο χορό και διασκέδαση παρά το τσουχτερό κρύο.

February 2015 in my country

Οι βροχές τον τελευταίο καιρό δημιούργησαν προβλήματα στους κατοίκους της χώρας μας με πλημμύρες και πολλοί αναγκάστηκαν να εγκαταλείψουν τα σπίτια και τις περιουσίες τους και να υποστούν ταλαιπωρίες.

Σε διάφορες περιοχές της χώρας μας γιορτάστηκε η αποκριά με χαρά και κέφι, όπως στην Πάτρα, Ξάνθη και στη γειτονική μας Κοζάνη με τους παραδοσιακούς Φανούς, όπου οι κάτοικοι χορεύουν γύρω από φωτιές (Φανούς) και τραγουδούν παραδοσιακά σκωπτικά τραγούδια.

Την Καθαρά Δευτέρα πετάξαμε τον χαρταετό και ξεκινήσαμε τη νηστεία της Μεγ. Σαρακοστής μέχρι το Σάββατο της Ανάστασης. Δεν τρώμε κρέας, γαλακτοκομικά, αυγά και ψάρι για περίπου 49 ημέρες.





1st Primary School Ptolemaida Hellas



February 2015 in my school

In our school we celebrated the carnival with Gaitanaki. Everybody dressed up and danced in and out of the building. Our parents offered us a BBQ with souvlaki and sausages. We came close to one another and shared moments of fun away from our everyday problems and the financial crisis





February 2015 in my region

In the afternoon of Shrove Thursday, February 12th, the culture clubs of the town gathered in the square where they danced endlessly and they had fun despite the low temperatures.



February 2015 in my country

Heavy rains lately have caused serious problems to the residents in our country, many of which had to abandon their homes and belongings and suffer discomfort.



Many areas in Greece celebrated the carnival with joy and cheer like Patras, Xanthi and our neighboring Kozani with the traditional Fanos, where the residents dance around a big fire (Fanos) singing traditional mocking songs.



On Shrove Monday we flew a kite and started the Lent until the last Saturday before Easter. We stop eating meat, dairy, eggs and fish for about 49 days.



Sacred Heart PS, Tralee, Co. Kerry, Ireland



February 2015 in my school

- Our school spike ball team participated in the Munster regional finals having won the Kerry county finals.
- Our school is updating the school website presprimarytralee.com
- Our school has football practice on Tuesday for 5th and 6th classes .
- Our basketball coach will pick two teams from 5th and 6th class to compete against other schools in Kerry.
- 5th class made snow globes for their entrepreneur program.
- Two teams from our school participated in the Credit Union quiz.
- Second class made their first confession for their first communion in May.
- One of our 6th class girls fell in the yard and broke her leg in 2 places.
- Elle, Caoimhe and Emma danced at the Talent of Tralee fundraising concert in the Fels Point Hotel.
- We made St.Bridget crosses out of rushes for Lá fheile Bhride (Saint Brigid's Day) on February the 1st in our class.

I am
Emma





Sacred Heart PS, Tralee, Co. Kerry, Ireland



February 2015 in my county - Kerry

- There was a Valentines Weekend 10 mile road race in our town.
- On Sunday the 15th of February Austin Stacks played against Slaughtneil in Portlaoise. Before the match supporters marched proudly through the streets to the pitch. Unfortunately they lost. The final score was 2-7 to 1-8.
- Large bags of waste were dumped by the side of one of the countries most scenic
- Roads over the Connor Pass.
- Brosna's Gaelic football team were playing against another village in another county in the All- Ireland intermediate club championship finals.
Brosna laid the Foundation to their win in the first half when they tacked on the points to lead by three at the break 0-7 to 0-4.
- Artfert won the football Junior all Ireland final.
- Members of Kerry Foxhounds Hunt Club traveled along the Ring of Kerry on horse-back to raise funds for three cancer charities.
- Two groups of Tralee teams who created videos as part of the youth connect programme are now in the final 15 with a chance to win a five day dream trip to New York.
- On Tuesday the 24th of February Michael D Higgins (The President of Ireland) came to the Tralee IT. He came to open the UNESCO project called "Transforming the lives of people with disabilities".
- Duffy's Circus returns after ten years, to Tralee.
- President of the Killarney, branch of the "Friends of the Children of Chernobyl" said that the annual coffee morning was "One of the biggest to date" with over €1,800 euro raised, it was a huge success.



February 2015 in my Country

- Cancer affects thousands of families across Ireland making fundraising events like this coffee morning vital to fund cancer services. The Daffodil Day coffee morning took place at the Kilarney Towers, Kerry Ireland.
- Sponge bob Square Pants will be coming to cinemas in Irish.
- Ed Sheeran is holding a concert on the 24 of July 2015 at Croke Park, Dublin Ireland.
- Over 700 Kerry secondary teachers took part in a nationwide strike over how the junior cert curriculum is examined.



- 5000 people protest while others protest all over the country over



- Astonishing win over Tyrone its not just the men that play football. Kerry played Tyrone in the Allianz ladies football league. Tyrone had 2 goals and 3 points and Kerry had 1 goal and 10 points.
- Allianz men's football league. Kerry are not getting off to a great start
- Ireland beats Sri Lanka and United Arab Emirates, in the world cup cricket finals.
- Over 150 artists came from all around the world to Merrion-Square in Dublin for a art exhibition
- There were a big storm in February 2014 in Ireland. They were over 130km/h gales snow and ice. They were thousands hit by storm power cuts
- During the month of February three more people died on the Irish roads.
- Greatest valentine gift ever: Ireland beat France in their 6 nations clash with a score of 18-11. France come in with their heads held high but went home with an unfortunate loss. Ireland came in with passion and strength and went home with a delightful win.



Scuola Primaria Pegognaga Italy



Febbraio 2015 nella mia scuola

Nei giorni 6 e 7 Febbraio 2015 la scuola di Pegognaga è rimasta chiusa per la nevicata più grande dell'anno. In questi due giorni e' caduta tanta neve e le strade erano difficili da percorrere. Così il sindaco di Pegognaga ha ordinato la chiusura delle scuole del paese



Febbraio 2015 nella mia regione



Negli ultimi giorni di Febbraio nella mia regione si è festeggiato il Carnevale. Il carnevale è stato pieno di coriandoli e stelle filanti. Ci sono stati tanti carri come "Sam il pompiere dragone" dove sono saliti i bambini dai tre ai sei anni. "Dalton " era il carro dei bambini più grandi.



Febbraio 2015 nel mio paese

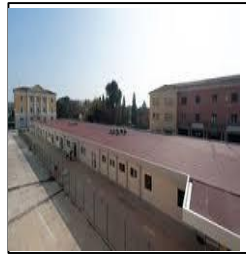
Il giorno 3 febbraio è stato eletto il nuovo presidente della Repubblica Italiana SERGIO MATTARELLA. E' una persona molto importante, ha i capelli grigi e porta gli occhiali.





Comune di Pegognaga

Primary School Pegognaga Italy



February 2015 in my school

On February 6th and 7th the school was closed for Pegognaga's biggest snowfall of the year . In these two days fell so much snow and the roads were difficult to cross.
So the Mayor of Pegognaga ordered the closure of schools in the country.





February 2015 in my region



RegioneLombardia

In the last days of February Carnival has been celebrated in my region .

The carnival was full of confetti and streamers .

There were so many wagons as " Sam, the dragon fireman" for the children from three to six years; " Dalton " for the older ones.



February 2015 in my Country

On February 3rd, SERGIO MATTARELLA was elected as Italian Republic's new President . He's a very important person, he has gray hair and wears glasses .





PRIMARY SCHOOL RIPALIMOSANI ITALY



February 2015 in my school

La nostra fantastica esperienza: la mostra su Giorgio De Chirico

Il 24 febbraio, la classe quinta visita una mostra su De Chirico a Campobasso:

Giorgio De Chirico "Gioco e Gioia della neometafisica".

Abbiamo raggiunto Campobasso da Ripalimosani con lo scuolabus con le nostre insegnanti. C'era ad attenderci una guida molto brava, che ha ci ha spiegato i quadri lungo il percorso museale.

La mostra comprende 68 opere della collezione Fondazione Giorgio De Chirico e Isa De Chirico con dipinti, disegni e litografie. E' una delle mostre più complete dell'artista.

La mostra riguarda gli ultimi dieci anni della produzione dell'artista De Chirico, cioè il periodo della neometafisica.

La neometafisica rappresenta la visione ironica e giocosa del suo mondo immaginario. In quel periodo della sua vita artistica De Chirico ha utilizzato colori brillanti.

Nelle sue opere sono rappresentati: i manichini, l'arte greca, gli spazi teatrali, gli strumenti del suo lavoro, le finestre e le porte aperte, le piazze, ma mai le persone.

Giorgio De Chirico nasce il 10 luglio 1888 a Volos, in Grecia; suo padre era italiano. Ha viaggiato per il mondo: Germania, Francia, Usa e Italia. Lui incontrò molti artisti come Carrà, Picasso, Nietzsche. Nella sua vita ha scritto molti libri, ha realizzato sculture, molti dipinti e disegni.

Il 20 novembre 1978, Giorgio De Chirico muore a Roma a 90 anni.

A noi è piaciuto molto il quadro intitolato: "Il Ritorno di Ulisse". Infatti a scuola lo abbiamo dipinto. L'artista diceva: "La mia stanza è una bella nave dove posso fare viaggi avventurosi".

Nella foto c'è un mare metafisico. Il vero viaggio, per lui, è un tour interiore, attraverso la sua arte. Questo lavoro rappresenta il ritorno di Ulisse in Grecia e quindi il suo ritorno in Grecia dove è nato. Questa esperienza è stata fantastica per noi.





PRIMARY SCHOOL RIPALIMOSANI ITALY



February 2015 in my school

Our fantastic experience: Giorgio De Chirico exhibition .

On the 24th of February, the fifth class visited De Chirico exhibition: Giorgio De Chirico "Gioco e Gioia della neometafisica".

We reached to Campobasso by schoolbus with our teachers.

There was a very good guide, who explained the paintings along the museum. The exhibition, 68 works from the Fondazione Giorgio De Chirico e Isa De Chirico included paintings, drawings and lithographs. It represents one of the most complete exhibition of the artist .

The exhibition is about the last 10 years of the De Chirico's artist production: the Neometaphysical period. Neometaphysical represents the playful ironic and lucid vision of his own imaginative world. In this paintings De Chirico used the brilliant colours.

In his works he represented dummies, Greek art, the marquee ad theatre, the work tools, the opened windows and door, the squares and never people.

Giorgio De Chirico was born on the 10th of July, in 1888, in Volos, Greece; his parents were Italian. He travelled in all part of the world: Germany, France, Usa, and Italy. He met many artists: Carrà , Picasso, Nietzsche. In his life he wrote many books, he realized sculptures, many pictures and drawings.

On the 20th of November, in 1978 ,Giorgio De Chirico died in Rome at 90 years of age.

We liked "Il Ritorno di Ulisse" very much. At school draw and painted this work. He said: "My room is a beautiful ship where I can do adventure travel".

In the picture there is a metaphysical sea. The real travel, for him, is an interior tour, through his art.

This work represents the Ulisses's return to Greece and his return to Greece where he was born.

This experience was fantastic for us.



PRIMARY SCHOOL RIPALIMOSANI ITALY



February in my village

La mascherata

Domenica 15 Febbraio 2015 si è svolta per le strade e per le piazze di Ripalimosani la tradizionale Mascherata dal titolo "Ieri, oggi e domani".

La tradizione della Mascherata risale agli anni 50'.

E' sempre stato uno spettacolo itinerante con le cosiddette "posate", cioè tappe fisse nei punti cruciali del Paese.

La Mascherata non è solo una sfilata di maschere ma è, per così dire, un teatro itinerante, poiché in ogni "posata" si svolge la stessa rappresentazione, con canti e scene recitate.

I personaggi sono quelli della tradizione paesana che cantano e recitano in dialetto ripese.

Mentre il coro è composto da ragazze, gli attori sono tutti personaggi maschili, alcuni dei quali travestiti da femmine.

Diversi musicisti con chitarre, mandolini e alcuni strumenti a percussioni come il "Bufu", accompagnano i canti. Gli spettatori per tradizione accompagnano la Mascherata nelle varie "Posate" dalle ore 12:00 fino alla sera, divertendosi insieme ai protagonisti.

La Mascherata di questo anno dal titolo "Ieri, oggi e domani", ha coinvolto circa 70 persone, dei quali la maggior parte giovani del posto. Quest'anno la Mascherata non aveva un filo conduttore, ma è stata un revival delle precedenti dagli anni 70' agli anni 90', con lo scopo di far conoscere alle nuove generazioni i canti di una volta. Le scenette invece scritte ex-novo permettevano di cogliere il legame tra il passato e il presente.

L'ultima posata, che si è svolta nel teatro comunale, ha visto la partecipazione di 1000 spettatori tra ripesi e non.

Collegati in streaming, c'erano 1200 spettatori da tutte le parti del mondo, per consentire soprattutto agli emigranti di partecipare a questo evento così sentito da tutti i ripesi.

E' stato un grande successo di pubblico per la soddisfazione di tutti gli organizzatori e di tutti coloro che sono stati coinvolti in questa tradizionale manifestazione.



February 2015 in my country

GLI "HOLLIGANS" DEVASTANO ROMA

ROMA IMBRATTATA E SFREGIATA DALLA PAZZIA DEI TIFOSI OLANDESI DEL FEYENOORD.

Roma - Il 18 e 19 febbraio 2015, Roma, in occasione della partita Roma-Feyenoord, è stata devastata da circa 60 tifosi della squadra di Rotterdam, che hanno danneggiato alcune opere d'arte di Roma, come la "Fontana della Barcaccia", in Piazza di Spagna. Nessuna zona del centro è stata risparmiata dagli hooligans, da Campo de' Fiori al Pincio, allo Stadio Olimpico, ma è il cuore della Capitale ad essere stato ferito.

La sera del 18 febbraio già un nutrito gruppo di tifosi ubriachi aveva messo a soqquadro il centro di Roma: lanci di bottiglie, segnali stradali divelti, motorini ed auto danneggiati. Nonostante ci fosse il divieto di vendere alcolici in centro, gli hooligans si sono riforniti dai venditori ambulanti abusivi.

Il giorno successivo, attraverso i social network, si sono dati appuntamento al centro di Roma ed è lì che è cominciata la guerriglia urbana: vetrine rotte, macchine danneggiate, strade piene di sporcizia, ma soprattutto panico tra residenti e turisti, costretti a scappare.

La polizia è intervenuta spingendo gli hooligans impazziti, armati di bastoni e coltelli, verso Piazza di Spagna. Qui è avvenuto lo scontro tra la polizia e i tifosi, armati anche di bombe carta, con il lancio di fumogeni e lacrimogeni per disperderli. Questi tifosi, nel frattempo, hanno usato la fontana "BARCACCIA" come un bersaglio da colpire con le bottiglie, come discarica e urinatoio. Sono state individuate 110 scalfitture di bottiglie e petardi. Un frammento di travertino di 10 cm si è staccato; queste sono le ferite inferte ad un simbolo storico della città. La fontana era stata appena restaurata con un costo di 200.000,00 euro. Nel frattempo sono stati arrestati

23 tifosi olandesi e 25 sono stati denunciati. Durante la rissa sono stati feriti 31 agenti e 9 carabinieri. Nonostante tutto la Polizia olandese non ha voluto rivelare i nomi degli hooligans ed inoltre gli olandesi non pagheranno per il danno commesso. E' giusto tutto ciò?





PRIMARY SCHOOL RIPALIMOSANI ITALY



February in my village

The masquerade

Sunday, the 15th of February, there was the traditional masquerade Along the streets and the squares in Ripalimosani. The title was "Yesterday, today and tomorrow".

The traditional masquerade started in 1950. It is a traditional travelling exhibition with five steps in the most beautiful place in our village. The masquerade isn't parade of masqueres but it is a travelling theater. The characters sing, dance and recite in dialect of our village, "riprese".

The chore is composed of girls; the male characters are distinguished as females. There are many musicians with guitars, mandolins, accordions, some percussion and instruments like the "bufù". People follow the masquerade from midday to eight o'clock in the evening. The masquerade, this years, involved about seventy young man and woman.

The last step was in the comunal theater, where there were about 1000 people.

In streaming there were about 1200 people all our the world, a specially the emigrants in Canada and Argentina.

It was a great success and we enjoyed very much.



February 2015 in my country

THE "HOLLIGANS" DEVASTATE ROME

Rome smeared and scarred by crazy dutch fans of Feyenoord team.

Rome- The 18th and 19th of February 2015, Rome, in occasion of the match Rome- Feynoord, was devastated by about 60 fans of Rotterdam team.

They damaged some important monuments in Rome like

"Fountain Barcaccia" in Spagna square. They scarred the city centre where there are many monuments. The 18th of February, in the evening, a group of drunken fans threw bottles, road signals and damaged many cars and scooters.

Pubs couldn't sell strongdrink, but the fans bought alcoholic beverage by hawkers.

The day after they met on the social network and all together went to the city center where they broke many shop windows, cars, They dirtied the streets and scared tourists and residents. The holligans had knives and sticks. Police intervened to stop them in Spagna Square.

These crazy fans used "Fountain Barcaccia" like a target to hit with bottles, like tip and toilet. The fountain have had many damages. It was restored since two months for 200.000,00 euros.

That day 23 dutch fans were arrested and 25 fans were reported.

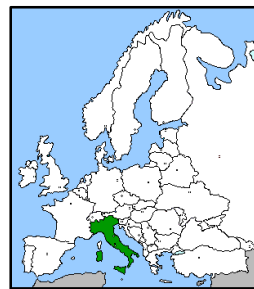
During the conflict 40 policemen were injured. The dutch police didn't want to tell the hooligans' names and the Dutch people will not pay damages.

Is it right all this?





San Liberato Primary School, Umbria, Italy



February 2015 in my school

Tutti in maschera!

La conclusione del Carnevale è stata festeggiata da tutti i bambini anche a scuola

Il giorno 17 febbraio i bambini della scuola di San Liberato hanno festeggiato a scuola la fine del Carnevale con giochi, dolci, pizza e bevande, ma soprattutto con tanto divertimento. C'erano costumi di vari tipi: indiani, supereroi, una Lady Oscar, bulli, regine della notte, cestisti, cacciatori, ecc. I bambini hanno definito questo Martedì grasso "bello e divertente", "un giorno di distrazione dai compiti e anche di divertimento" e anche "un giorno speciale ed emozionante e anche molto armonioso". Anche le maestre pensano che quello della festa di Carnevale sia stato un giorno di serenità. I bambini, poi, il pomeriggio si sono incontrati di nuovo in piazza per fare ancora baldoria. Il Carnevale è una festa antica che si festeggia in tutta l'Italia anche con carri e ogni città è immersa in maschere, coriandoli, luci e colori che creano un'atmosfera unica. Il Carnevale è una festa che si celebra nei paesi di tradizione cattolica. La parola CARNEVALE deriva "carnem levare" (eliminare carne), proprio per indicare l'ultimo giorno di festa prima del periodo di astinenza dalla carne e digiuno della Quaresima. I festeggiamenti maggiori avvengono il Giovedì grasso e il Martedì grasso, ossia l'ultimo Giovedì e l'ultimo Martedì prima dell'inizio della Quaresima che inizia con il Mercoledì delle Ceneri.

Viola

Parliamo di biomimetica

Incontro con il prof. C.Santulli

Il prof. Carlo Santulli è un professore universitario, esperto di biomimetica, che lavora all'università con i ragazzi che studiano disegno industriale ad Ascoli Piceno. Il 14 febbraio è venuto nella nostra scuola per raccontarci con il supporto della LIM come le piante e la natura possono dare delle idee all'uomo per progredire nella tecnologia e per migliorare la nostra vita. Abbiamo per esempio parlato di un signore, Georges De Mestral, che passeggiava con il suo cane. I semi della pianta della bardana si attaccarono ai peli del cane e gli diedero l'idea del Velcro. Infine abbiamo fatto un esperimento con una tavoletta di legno che era stata coperta con una vernice ispirata alla foglia del loto e che quindi non si bagnava.

Francesco

Il nostro impegno ricompensato

I bambini in ansia per il documento di valutazione di fine primo quadrimestre

Il giorno 23 Febbraio 2015 le insegnanti hanno ricevuto i genitori per prendere visione delle schede di valutazione dei propri figli; quel giorno c'era anche il colloquio individuale tra insegnanti e genitori per parlare dell'andamento scolastico degli alunni e per questo i bambini erano molto agitati. Le schede di valutazione sono un documento della scuola, sono scritte dalle insegnanti ogni quadrimestre (quattro mesi). Per ogni disciplina si dà un voto che va da 1 a 10 e dietro c'è un giudizio. Le schede sono importanti e dopo il secondo quadrimestre (fine anno scolastico) vengono portate a casa. Le schede di valutazione sono andate bene a tutti!! Le insegnanti sono state soddisfatte del lavoro dei bambini, i genitori contenti e i bambini sollevati!



Alessandro ed Asia

L'Open Day

Un giorno di festa in cui i bambini della Scuola Primaria di San Liberato accolgono i loro compagni della Scuola dell'Infanzia

L'Open Day è una giornata che consiste nel far conoscere la nostra scuola ai genitori dei bambini che il prossimo anno dovranno fare la prima elementare e ai loro figli che potrebbero frequentare la nostra scuola l'anno prossimo. Le attività che abbiamo fatto insieme a loro, noi bambini di quinta, sono state due. La prima è stata aiutare i bambini di 5 anni a costruire dei pesciolini di carta. Ecco i passaggi del lavoro: abbiamo fatto le sagome dei pesci, le abbiamo colorate, abbiamo preso delle mollette di legno e poi ci abbiamo messo il vinavil sopra, infine abbiamo attaccato le sagome sulle mollette ed ecco qua il pesce!

Poi noi bambini di quinta abbiamo raccontato delle storie utilizzando il Kamishibai, che è un originale strumento per l'animazione alla lettura, un teatro d'immagini di origine giapponese utilizzato dai cantastorie. Consiste in una valigetta in legno nella quale vengono inserite dei fogli stampati sia davanti che dietro: da una parte c'è il disegno e dall'altra il testo. Lo spettatore vede l'immagine mentre il narratore legge la storia.

La nostra storia parlava Guizzino, un pesciolino diverso dagli altri perché era nero, mentre gli altri erano rossi. Però un brutto giorno dei tonni mangiarono la sua famiglia e lui rimase da solo. Quando incontrò un'altra famiglia di pesci rossi come la sua, li convinse a fare una cosa per spaventare i tonni: nuotare tutti vicini vicini in modo da formare un pesce gigante. E così i tonni si spaventarono. I bambini di 5 anni hanno gradito molto la storia e hanno detto che l'anno prossimo frequenteranno questa scuola.

Chiara e Giulia



Esprimersi a 360°

Esperienze divertenti con il lab espressivo

I bambini di San Liberato quest'anno hanno partecipato a un laboratorio espressivo.

È arrivata una maestra che ci ha fatto fare dei giochi fuori dalla scuola e dentro la nostra classe, come rubafazzoletto e il gioco dei semafori, in cui quando la musica finiva dovevamo guardare il cartello della maestra e a seconda del colore dovevamo fare qualcosa. In un'altro gioco dovevamo correre saltando dentro i cerchi oppure correre a tempo di musica e, quando questa finiva, dovevamo stare in un cerchio. L'attività più interessante è stata quella del rilassamento, cioè dovevamo sdraiarsi a terra cercando di rilassarsi seguendo le istruzioni della maestra. Ogni mercoledì la maestra torna con nuovi giochi sempre più creativi ed interessanti.

Tommaso

LA GARA DI ATLETICA

È iniziato l'allenamento per la gara che avrà luogo il 20 Maggio

I bambini delle classi IV e V di San Liberato partecipano ad un corso di atletica che comprende: il lancio del vortex, la corsa (300 m), la staffetta e il salto in lungo. Questa attività è effettuata anche dai bambini delle classi IV e V delle Scuole di Gualdo e Narni Scalo. Ogni mese un allenatore va in ogni scuola ed esercita i bambini per la gara che avrà luogo il 20 Maggio. Come sappiamo, il lancio del vortex è nuovo nell'atletica ed è praticato a livello giovanile. Si tratta di un attrezzo in materia morbida e leggera (130g) che, per le sue caratteristiche, può essere lanciato molto lontano, tenendo le braccia dietro. Poi ci sono la corsa di 300m, che è molto lunga e stancante, la staffetta (che consiste nel passaggio di un testimone fatto di plastica dura, durante una corsa) e il salto in lungo, in cui prendi una rincorsa, salti con un piede, vai più lontano possibile ed atterri su entrambi i piedi e pieghi le gambe.

Francesca e Sara



February 2015 in my region

San Valentino, il Santo dell'amore

*Tutti nel mondo festeggiano San Valentino, ma forse non tutti sanno che...
San Valentino è il patrono di Terni*

Il giorno 14 Febbraio italiani e tutti gli altri non italiani festeggiano San Valentino, il patrono degli innamorati. Forse non tutti sanno che San Valentino fu il Vescovo di Terni nel 2° secolo d.C..

Infatti San Valentino nacque a Terni intorno al 175 d.C. e divenne il 1° vescovo della città nel 197d.C. per l'investitura di Papa Feliciano.

San Valentino morì martire il 14 Febbraio 273 d.C..

Per la tradizione San Valentino è il santo protettore degli innamorati o chiamato anche "santo dell'amore".

Il motivo per cui Valentino è associato alla protezione degli innamorati è dovuto al fatto che il papa Gelasio 1° nel 494 volle sostituire i festeggiamenti pagani dei Lupercalia per la fertilità con una festa simile e cristiana.

Inoltre una leggenda narra la storia d'amore di una fanciulla cristiana di nome Serapia e di un centurione pagano di chiamato Sabino che grazie all'aiuto del Vescovo Valentino che battezzò il ragazzo, convinsero i genitori a permettere loro di essere fidanzati. Poi, però, Serapia si ammalò di Tisi e siccome Sabino non poteva vivere senza di lei, chiese l'intervento di Valentino che alzando le mani al cielo fece addormentare i due in un sonno eterno.

Oggi gli italiani festeggiano San Valentino regalandosi fiori, cioccolatini e scambiandosi biglietti d'amore.

A Terni c'è la basilica con le reliquie del santo e lì vicino San Valentino è rappresentato con una statua circondata da molti fiori.

Alessandra e Alessia



February 2015 in my Country

Il nostro dodicesimo Presidente della Repubblica

Dopo le dimissioni di Giorgio Napolitano, è Sergio Mattarella il nostro nuovo Presidente della Repubblica

Dal giorno 3 febbraio Sergio Mattarella è ufficialmente il Presidente della Repubblica Italiana. In Italia il Presidente della Repubblica è eletto dal Parlamento in seduta comune, cioè da Camera e Senato riuniti. All'elezione partecipano inoltre i 58 delegati eletti dai consigli regionali. Se al completo, l'assemblea che elegge il Presidente è composta da: 630 deputati, 315 senatori, i senatori a vita che ora sono 6 e i 58 delegati regionali. L'aula in cui si vota è la Camera dei Deputati a palazzo Montecitorio. L'elezione avviene a scrutinio segreto: votano prima i senatori, poi i deputati e per ultimi i delegati regionali. Lo spoglio delle schede lo fa il Presidente della Camera, che elegge ad alta voce i nomi dei candidati. Il presidente della Repubblica rimane in carica per 7 anni e risiede al Palazzo del Quirinale. Secondo l'articolo 84 della Costituzione può diventare capo dello stato "ogni cittadino che abbia compiuto cinquanta anni d'età e goda dei diritti civili e politici". Nessuna donna è stata mai eletta presidente della Repubblica. Nel caso in cui il Presidente della Repubblica non possa adempiere le sue funzioni, sono esercitate dal presidente del Senato. Gli ex presidenti della Repubblica sono presidenti emeriti e senatori a vita. Sergio Mattarella è succeduto a Giorgio Napolitano che per motivi di età, ha dovuto dare le dimissioni nel suo secondo mandato ed è il nostro 12° Presidente della Repubblica. Impegnato già in politica, nel 1980 dovette affrontare un terribile lutto: suo fratello fu ucciso in un agguato mafioso. In seguito all'assassinio del fratello aumentò progressivamente il suo impegno politico.

Michelle



Un mito tutto italiano

E' morto Michele Ferrero, inventore della famosa Nutella

Il giorno 14 Febbraio 2015 è morto all'età di 89 anni il sig. Michele Ferrero.

Lui è stato l'inventore della Nutella e di tante altre cose, famose in tutto il mondo con il marchio "Ferrero" come cioccolatini Rocher, Mon Cheri, l'uovo di cioccolato Kinder sorpresa ...

Ferrero ha inventato la Nutella grazie a dei chicchi di cacao macinati. Il cacao è molto amaro e quindi Ferrero ha fatto delle modifiche rendendo il cacao più dolce e buono. Il primo vasetto di Nutella uscì il 20 Aprile 1964 ad Alba. In realtà la famiglia Ferrero fin dagli anni '20 aveva in mente l'idea di realizzare una merenda al cioccolato a basso prezzo da mangiare con il pane, comodo anche per gli operai. Con il passare del tempo l'azienda di Ferrero, all'inizio a conduzione familiare, si espanse. Alla fine del 2000 Ferrero fu classificato come uomo più ricco d'Italia e decimo uomo più ricco del mondo.

L'azienda (e la Nutella in particolare) sono famose in tutto il mondo. Il nome Nutella viene da **Nut**=nocciola in inglese

ella=vezzeggiativo italiano

Gli ingredienti della Nutella

sono i seguenti:

(ma la ricetta rimane segreta):

°Zucchero (56%)

°Olio di palma (19%)

°Nocciole (13%)

°Cacao magro (7,4%)

°Latte scremato in polvere (6,6%)

°Siero di latte in polvere

°Lecitina di soia (emulsionante)

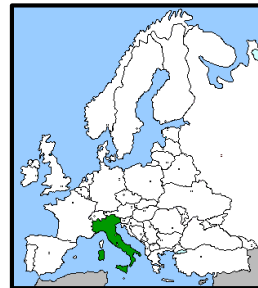
°Vanillina

Davide e Jonathan





San Liberato Primary School, Umbria, Italy



February 2015 in my school

Everybody in mask!

The conclusion of the Carnival was celebrated by all children at school

February 17, children of San Liberato celebrated at school the end of Carnival with games, cakes, pizza and drinks, and especially with lots of fun. There were costumes of various kinds: Indians, superheroes, a Lady Oscar, bullies, queen of the night, basketball players, hunters, etc. The children have defined this Shrove Tuesday "beautiful and funny", "a day of distraction from the tasks and also full of fun" and also "a special and exciting and also very harmonious day". Even the teachers think that the celebration of Carnival has been a day of serenity. The children, then, in the afternoon, met again in the square to do more spree. Carnival is an ancient festival that is celebrated throughout Italy with floats and each city is surrounded by masks, confetti, lights and colours that create a unique atmosphere. Carnival is a festival that is celebrated in traditionally Catholic countries. The word Carnival comes "carnem levare" (remove meat), just to indicate the last day of celebration before the period of abstinence from meat and fasting of Lent. The festivities take place more on Carnival Thursday and Shrove Tuesday, which is the last Thursday and the last Tuesday before Lent, beginning with Ash Wednesday.

Viola

Let's speak about biomimetics

Meeting prof. C. Santulli

Professor Carlo Santulli is a University professor, expert in biomimetics, who works in the university with students reading industrial design in Ascoli Piceno. On 14th February he came in our school to tell us with the support of the electronic blackboard (LIM) the way in which plants and nature can give ideas to humans in order to progress in technology and improve our life. We were told for example of a gentleman, Georges De Mestral, who was walking with his dog. The burrs of a plant, the great burdock, got stuck to the dog's hair and gave him the idea of Velcro. At the end, we performed an experiment with a wooden board that was covered with a protecting layer inspired to the lotus leaf and therefore did not get wet with water.

Francesco

Our commitment rewarded

Children anxious because of the first term assessment document



On 23 February 2015, teachers received pupils' parents to make them know their children evaluation forms; that day there was also the interview involving teachers and parents to discuss the trend of school pupils and so the children were very excited. The evaluation board is a document of the school, it is written by teachers each four months. For each discipline it is given a rating ranging from 1 to 10 and behind the paper there is a judgment. This document is very important and after the second four months (end of school year) is taken home. The evaluation boards have been good for everybody !! The teachers were satisfied with the work of children, parents have been happy and children relieved!

Alessandro ed Asia

The Open Day

A day of celebration in which primary school children welcomed their fellow kindergarten

The Open Day is a day that intends to introduce the school to parents of children who next year will attend the first grade and to their children that could attend it the next year. Children of San Liberato, in the Open Day, had organized two activities that they did with the five years old children. The first was to help younger children to build paper fishes. Here are the steps of the work: they made the shapes of fish, colored them, took the wooden clothespins and then they put the glue over, finally attacked the shapes on pegs and here the fish!

Then the children of year five told a story using the Kamishibai, which is a unique tool for the animation in reading, a theater of images of Japanese origin used by storytellers. It consists of a wooden case in which the printed sheets are placed in front and behind: on the one hand there is the picture and on the other one the text. The viewer sees the image while the narrator reads the story.

The story was about Swimmy, a fish different from the others because he was black, while the others were red. But a bad day tuna ate his family and he was alone. When he met another family of goldfish like him, convinced them to do something to scare tuna: to swim all close to form a giant fish. And so the tuna were frightened.

Children 5 years really enjoyed the story and they said that next year will attend San Liberato primary school.



Chiara e Giulia

Expressing ourselves

Fun experiences with the expressive lab

In this school year, San Liberato children took part in a workshop of expression. A teacher arrived, she made us play games outside of the school and in our class, as rubafazzoletto and the play of trafficslights, in which when the music had finished, we had to watch the sign of the teacher, and depending on the color we had to do something. In an other game we had to the music and, when this was over, we had to stand in one circle. The most interesting activity was the one about relaxation: we had to lie down on the ground trying to relax by following the instructions of the teacher. Every Wednesday the teacher returns with new games always creative and interesting.

Tommaso

THE ATHLETICS COMPETITION

It has started the training for the race that will be on May 20th

The children of years IV and V of San Liberato school attend a course of athletics including: the launch of the vortex, the race (300m), the relay and the long jump. This activity is carried out by children in years IV and V of Gualdo and Narni Scalo schools. Each month a coach goes to each school and trains children for the competition that will be on May 20th.

As we know, the pull of the vortex is new in athletic and is only performed at the youth level. It is a tool in soft material and light weight (130 g) which, for its characteristics, can be launched very far, keeping the arms behind. Then there are the run of 300 m, which is very long and very tiring, the relay (which consists of passing a baton made of hard plastic, during a run) and the long jump, where you take a running start, jump with a foot, go as far as possible and land with both feet and bend your legs.

Francesca e Sara



February 2015 in my region

Saint Valentine, the Saint of love

Everyone in the world celebrate Valentine's Day, but maybe not everyone knows that ... Valentine is the Patron Saint of Terni

February 14th Italians and all other no-Italians celebrate Valentine's Day, the Patron Saint of lovers. Perhaps not everybody knows that St. Valentine was the bishop of Terni in the 2nd century AD.

In fact, Valentine was born in Terni around 175 AD and he became the first bishop of the city in 197 AD for the investiture of Pope Feliciano.

Valentine was martyred on February 14th 273 AD.

For the tradition Valentine is the Patron Saint of lovers or also called "Saint of love".

Why Valentino is associated with protection of lovers it is due to the fact that the Pope Gelasius 1st in 494 would replace the pagan celebration of Lupercalia fertility festival with a similar and Christian one.

Also a legend tells the love story of a Christian girl named Serapia and a pagan centurion named Sabino who with the help of Bishop Valentine (who baptized the boy), persuaded their parents to allow them to be engaged. Then, however, Serapia fell ill with tuberculosis and since Sabino could not live without her, he asked the intervention of Valentino who, raising his hands to the sky, made the two fall asleep in an eternal sleep.

Today Italians celebrate Valentine giving flowers, chocolates and exchanging love cards.

In Terni there is a Basilica with the relics of the Saint and nearby San Valentino is represented with a statue surrounded by many flowers.

Alessandra e Alessia



February 2015 in my Country

Our twelfth President of the Republic

After the resignation of Giorgio Napolitano, Sergio Mattarella is our new President of the Republic

Since February 3rd Sergio Mattarella is officially the President of the Italian Republic. In Italy, the President of the Republic is elected by Parliament in joint session, that is by the House and Senate gathered. The 58 delegates elected by the regional councils participate, too. If full, the shareholders meeting that elects the President consists of 630 deputies, 315 senators, life senators who are now 6 and 58 regional delegates. The place where they vote is the Chamber of Deputies in Montecitorio palace. The election is by secret ballot: first the senators vote, then the deputies, last the regional delegates. The counting of votes is done by the President of the Chamber, which elects aloud the names of the candidates. The President remains in office for seven years and resides at the Quirinale Palace. According to Article 84 of the Constitution can become President of Republic "any citizen who has attained fifty years of age and enjoys civil and political rights". No woman has ever been elected President of Republic. If the President of Republic cannot perform his functions, they are exercised by the President of the Senate.

Former presidents are presidents emeritus and senators for life. Sergio Mattarella has succeeded Giorgio Napolitano that for reasons of age, had to resign in his second mandate and he is our 12th President. Already engaged in politics, in 1980 he had to face a terrible grief: his brother was killed in a mafia ambush. After the assassination of his brother, he grew gradually his political commitment.



Michelle

An Italian myth

Michele Ferrero, the inventor of the famous Nutella, died

Last 14th of February Mr Michele Ferrero died, he was 89 years old. He was the inventor of Nutella, and of many other things, famous in all the world under the trademark "Ferrero": chocolates as Rocher, Mon Cheri, the Kinder Surprise chocolate egg ...

Ferrero invented Nutella thanks to the ground cocoa beans. Cocoa is very bitter, but Ferrero had made changes making the cocoa sweeter and good. The first jar of Nutella was released on 20th of April 1964 in Alba. Really, since the 20s, the Ferrero family had in mind the idea of making a cheap chocolate snack to eat with bread, convenient for the workers.

Over time the company Ferrero, beginning in family, expanded. At the end of 2000, Ferrero was ranked as the richest man in Italy and the tenth richest man in the world. The company (and Nutella in particular) are famous worldwide.

The name Nutella comes from t Nut = hazelnut in English and ella = Italian term of endearment

The ingredients of Nutella are the following:

(But the recipe is secret):

- ° Sugar (56%)
- ° Palm oil (19%)
- Hazelnuts ° (13%)
- ° Low fat cocoa (7.4%)
- ° Skimmed milk powder (6.6%)
- ° Whey powder
- ° Soya lecithin (emulsifier)
- ° Vanillina



Davide e Jonathan



EB1/JI Engenheiro Ressano Garcia - Lisboa - Portugal



February 2015 in my school

Visitas de Estudo

Todos os meses na nossa Escola fazemos visitas de estudo.

No mês de Fevereiro fomos ao Museu da Cidade participar num teatro interactivo sobre o Gigante Adamastor .

O Gigante Adamastor faz parte da nossa História. Antigamente, Portugal foi um dos países que impulsionou o descobrimento do mundo por via marítima. O Gigante Adamastor representa as forças da natureza contra Vasco da Gama, sob a forma de uma tempestade, ameaçando a ruína daquele que tentasse dobrar o Cabo da Boa Esperança e penetrasse no Oceano Índico, alegadamente os domínios de Adamastor.



No mês de Fevereiro também festejámos o Carnaval. Na nossa escola fazemos um desfile pelas ruas de Campo de Ourique: nós fomos mascarados de fadas e duendes e fizemos os nossos fatos.





February 2015 in my region Lisbon



Em Fevereiro festejou-se em Lisboa, no Campo Pequeno, a feira do Chocolate. Ali pudemos conhecer tudo desde as marcas de prestígio aos projectos artesanais de qualidade, dos chocolates aos bombons, dos crepes ao chocolate quente, da pastelaria fina aos bolos, dos brigadeiros aos macarrons, passando por tudo o que se liga ao chocolate como vinhos, frutos secos, especiarias, chá e fruta. Para festejar o Carnaval houve em Lisboa desfiles e muitas festas.



February 2015 in my Country Portugal

Em todo o País festeja-se o Carnaval, com desfiles e várias festas tradicionais típicas de cada região.

O **careto** é uma personagem mascarada do Carnaval de Trás-os-Montes e Alto Douro, Portugal. É um homem que usa uma máscara com um nariz saliente feita de couro, latão ou madeira pintada com cores vivas como amarelo, vermelho ou preto. Numa outra versão, a máscara, feita de madeira de amieiro é decorada com chifres e outros apetrechos. Pensa-se que a tradição dos Caretos tenha raízes célticas, de um período pré-romano. Provavelmente está relacionada com a existência dos povos Galaicos (*Gallaeci*) e Brácaros (*Bracari*) na Galiza e no norte de Portugal.

"Os Caretos representam imagens diabólicas e misteriosas que todos os anos desde épocas que se perdem no tempo saem à rua nas festividades carnavalescas de Podence – interrompendo os longos silêncios de cada inverno, como que saindo secretos e imprevisíveis dos recantos de Podence, surgem silvando os Caretos e seus frenéticos chocalhos bem cruzados nas franjas coloridas de grossas mantas."





EB1/JI Engenheiro Ressano Garcia- Lisboa- Portugal



February 2015 in my school

Field trips

Every month at our School we take field trips

In February we went to Museu da Cidade (City Museum) to participate in an interactive theatre play about Gigante Adamastor (Giant Northwind).

Gigante Adamastor is a part of our History. In the past, Portugal was one of the countries that boosted the discovery of the world by Sea. Gigante Adamastor represents the forces of nature against Vasco da Gama, as a storm, threatening to ruin who ever tried to round the Cape of Good Hope and enter the Indian Ocean, allegedly Adamastor's domains.



In February we also celebrated Carnival. Our school we always go on a parade through the streets of Campo de Ourique: we went dressed as fairies and goblins and we made our own costumes.





February 2015 in my region Lisbon



It is also in February, in Lisbon, at Campo Pequeno, that is celebrated the Chocolate Fair.

There we got to know everything from prestigious brands to craft quality projects, from chocolates to bonbons, from crepes to hot chocolate, from fine pastries to cakes, from brigadiers to macarrons, going through all uses of chocolate as in wine, dry fruits, spices, tea and fresh fruit.

To celebrate Carnival in Lisbon there were parades and many parties.



February 2015 in my Country Portugal

The whole country is celebrating Carnival with parades and various traditional festivals, typical from each region.

The careto is a Carnival masked character from Trás-os-Montes and Alto Douro, Portugal. He is a man who wears a mask with a protruding nose made of leather, brass or wood, painted with bright colors like yellow, red or black. In another version, the mask made of alder wood is decorated with horns and other paraphernalia. It is thought that the tradition of Caretos has Celtic roots, a pre-Roman period. It is probably related to the existence of people Galaicos (Gallaeci) and Brácaros (Bracari) in Galicia and north of Portugal.

"Caretos represent evil and mysterious images that every year since times that are lost in time take to the streets in carnival festivities in Podence – stopping the long silences of each winter, as if coming out of the secret and unpredictable Podence corners, come hissing the Caretos and their frantic rattles and crossed the colored fringed with thick blankets."





School name, town and Country

ROMÂNIA



February 2015 in my school

Proiect „Săptămâna Educației Globale” - activitate practică desfășurată la S.A „SELGROS „din Constanța și continuată în grădiniță.



February 2015 in my region



„Lăsata Secului” pentru Postul Paștelui este o sărbătoare ortodoxă (22.februarie), în care familiile se adună și petrec.

Un obicei de Lăsata Secului este „Baterea alviței”, la aromanii din regiunea Dobrogea. Bunicul leagă alvița cu o sfoară de un băț și o plimbă prin fața tinerilor, a copiilor care cu mâinile legate la spate, încearcă s-o prindă cu gura, chiar dacă se murdăresc.

February 2015 in my Country

Dragobete, este zeul tinereții, patron al dragostei și al petrecerii!

De Dragobete, fetele și băieții se îmbrăcau în haine de sărbătoare și mergeau în pădure să culegeau ghiociei, viorele, pe care le puneau la icoane, pentru a le păstra până la Sânziene (25 iulie), când le aruncau în apele curgătoare pentru a fi iubite tot anul.





School name, town and Country



February 2015 in my school

The Project " Global Education Week " –took place at the end of november practical work carried out at " SELGROS " in Constanta and continued in kindergarten.





February 2015 in my region



“Lăsata Seculu” is a feast for Orthodox Lent (22 februarie) where families gather and celebrate .

A custom Shrove Tuesday is " Baterea alviței " a costum of Aromanians from Dobrogea region. Grandfather link Alvita with a stick and a string of walking in front of young children who with their hands tied behind, are trying to catch her in theis mouth .

February 2015 in my Country

Dragobete is the god of youth, love and patron of last the party !He is celebratid on the February 24 th.

On the Dragobete`s day , girls and boys dress up in traditional costumes and went into the woods to gather snowdrops , violets (which put the icons are keep until **Sânziene** July 25th) , end then the flowers were thrown in rivers to be loved all year.





LAPACHAR SCHOOL CHIPIONA- SPAIN



February 2015 in my school



Durante el mes de Febrero se celebran varios acontecimientos importantes en mi país.

Uno de ellos es el Carnaval con el que disfrutamos muchísimo y nos divertimos.

En nuestro colegio realizamos varias actividades relacionadas con el carnaval y todos los niños/as trabajamos mucho para conseguir los mejores resultados.



Una de las actividades que hacemos es un concurso de cartel anunciando el Carnaval. Todos los ciclos eligen su cartel ganador y de entre ellos el ganador del Centro. También hacemos concursos de disfraces, de pregones y de la clase mejor decorada. Los ganadores reciben un premio. Se disfraza todo los miembros del Centro, tanto profesores como alumnos. Al profesor con el disfraz más original también se le da un premio.

Otro acontecimiento importante que celebramos este mes es el día 28, que es el Día de nuestra Comunidad de Andalucía. Ese día se preparan actividades en el patio y se canta el Himno andaluz.

Realizamos muchas actividades que nos ayudan a conocer mejor nuestra tierra: fichas de trabajos, murales, dibujos, representaciones teatrales, recitación de poesías...y muchas más. Todas las actividades están relacionadas con: comidas y bebidas típicas, monumentos importantes, bailes, escritores, músicos...de Andalucía.

Y lo que más gusta a todos los niños es que todos juntos hacemos el desayuno típico andaluz que consiste en tomar pan con aceite y jamón. Está delicioso!!!



FEBRUARY 2015 IN MY REGION



En nuestra comunidad y en nuestra capital, Cádiz, se celebran también una de las fiestas más importantes del año que son los Carnavales. El Carnaval de Cadiz es uno de los carnavales más famosos de España por lo que ha sido reconocido (conjuntamente con el Carnaval de Santa Cruz de Tenerife), como de Interés Turístico Internacional (únicos en España con tal distinción).

Todos los años y durante los meses de enero y febrero se celebra en el Gran Teatro Falla el Concurso de Agrupaciones del Carnaval.

El 28 de Febrero es el Día Andalucía y se hacen actos a nivel en todas las (provincias andaluzas).



FEBRUARY 2015 IN MY COUNTRY

A nivel nacional se celebran Carnavales en muchas provincias españolas. Son importantes los carnavales de Santa Cruz de Tenerife, de la Comunidad extremeña, de Ciudad Rodrigo (Salamanca), de Las Palmas de Gran Canaria... y de muchas ciudades más. Ellos tienen una reina y damas que recorren las calles de las ciudades en carrozas espectaculares ¡Son impresionantes y divertidísimos!





FEBRUARY 2015 IN MY SCHOOL



During the month of February several important events are held in my country.

One it is the Carnival which we enjoyed it and had fun.

In our school we do various activities related to the carnival and all children work hard to achieve the best results.

One of the activities we do is a sign announcing Carnival. All cycles choose their winner and between winners is chosen the winner of the school. We also make costumes competition and competition to the best decorated class. Winners receive a prize. All members of the Center, both teachers and students disguises. The teacher with the most original costume is also given a prize.

Another important event that we celebrate this month is the 28th, which is the day of our Community of Andalusia. That day activities are prepared on the patio and Andalusian anthem is sung.

We perform many activities that help us better understand our land: job cards, murals, sketches, plays, poetry recitation ... and many more. All activities are related to: food and drinks, important monuments, dance, writers, musicians ... of Andalusia.

And what most all children like more it is that all together we make the typical Andalusian breakfast : bread with oil and ham. It is delicious !!!





FEBRUARY 2015 IN MY REGION ANDALUCÍA



In our community and in our capital, Cádiz, we also celebrate one of the most important events of the year it is Carnival. The Carnival of Cadiz is one of the most famous carnivals in Spain so it has been recognized (together with the Carnival of Santa Cruz de Tenerife) as of International Tourist Interest (unique in Spain with this distinction).

Every year during the months of January and February is celebrated in the Gran Teatro Falla the Carnival Group Competition.

The February 28th is the Day Andalucía and events are made at all Andalusian provinces.



Falla Theatre



February 2015 in my Country

Carnivals are celebrated in many Spanish provinces. Some important carnival are of Santa Cruz de Tenerife, Community of Extremadura, Ciudad Rodrigo (Salamanca), Las Palmas de Gran Canarias ... and many other cities. They have a queen and ladies walking the streets of cities in spectacular floats.

They are stunning and hilarious!





Hüseyin Avni Asal İlkokulu



February 2015 in my school

Okulumuzda kermes düzenledik. Kermesimizde elbiseden yiyeceğe birçok şey sattık.Çok para kazandık ve kazandığımız tüm parayı lösemi derneğine bağışladık.Hasta kardeşlerimize yardım edebildiğimiz için gururluyuz.

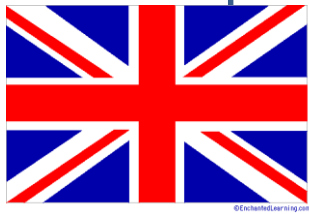




February 2015 in my school

We organized fair at our school. We sold a lot of things in this fair. In our fair you can find everything from clothes to food. We earned a lot of money. We donated all of the money to the leukaemia association. We are very proud of helping our illness friends.





Panshanger Primary School, Welwyn Garden City. England



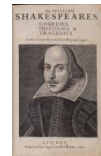
March 2015 in my school

We have been very busy at school this term.

The older children have competed in lots of different sporting events and done very well - the best result was when our school football team won a tournament against 16 other schools. Everyone was very pleased.



Year 6 have been studying the works of William Shakespeare, they went on a trip to a local Tudor house called Knebworth House which is about 500 years old. They completed lots of different activities e.g. writing with a quill and ink and had a great time.



Towards the end of term the whole school took part in our Easter challenge. This is when we work in our 'buddy groups' (this means that each team had someone in it from each year group,) the oldest person from year 6 takes charge. We are given a challenge and have to work together to produce a model. This year it was a circus theme. Everyone worked really hard and it was great fun.





March 2015 in my region



Welwyn Garden City is in a county called Hertfordshire, it is approx. 20 miles from London (the capital city of United Kingdom.)

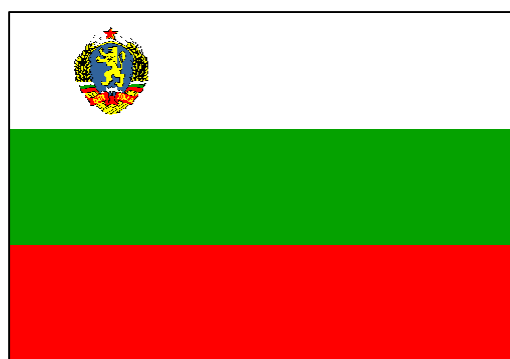
In Hertfordshire we are very proud of F1 racing driver, Lewis Hamilton, who was born and went to school in Stevenage. He has begun the new season winning races, which is good.

We are looking forward to the solar eclipse which will take place on March 20th when in Welwyn Garden City it is hoped we will really see the effects of the moon blocking the sun.

March 2015 in my country

Very exciting as Prince William and his wife Kate are expecting their 2nd child in late April. We are all wondering if it will be a brother or sister for 1 year old Prince George. Everyone hopes everything will be OK for the royal couple.

The whole country is getting ready for a general election when everyone over the age of 18 votes for who they want to be in charge of the country. This may mean David Cameron stays as our prime Minister or we may have a new leader to advise our Queen on how to run the country.



BULGARIA: Greta Hristova,
Kindergarten «Happy childhood»
Pleven PAGE 2



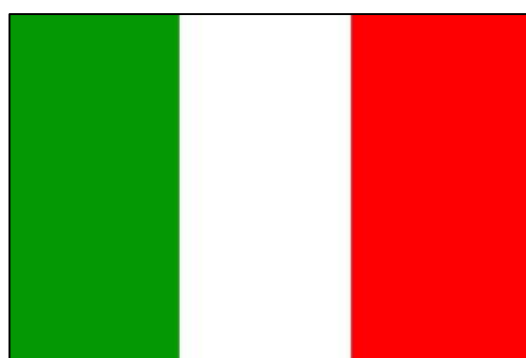
GREECE: Despina Koulitsa,
Primary School of Mandalo PAGE 6



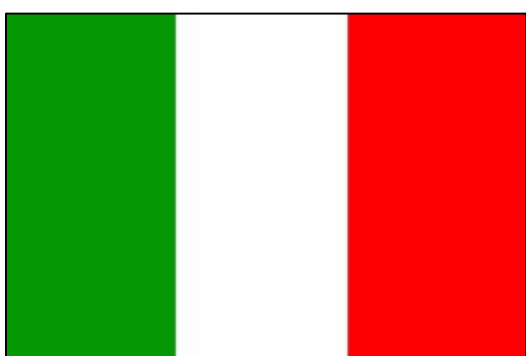
GREECE: Zoe Arzoumanidou,
1st Primary School, Ptolemaida Hellas
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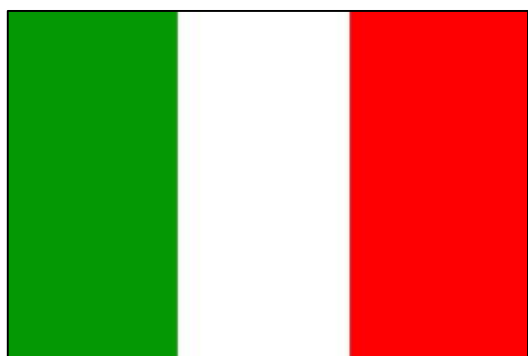
IRELAND: Máire Ni Laighin,
Sacred Heart Presentation
Primary School, Tralee PAGE 14



ITALY: Eliana Massari,
ICS di Pegognaga (MN)
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ITALY: Maria Concetta Marinelli,
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ITALY: Barbara Rasile,
Primary School, San Liberato (TR)
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PORTUGAL: Maria Barreto, Maria
Agrupamento de Escolas Padre
Bartolomeu de Gusmão, Lisboa
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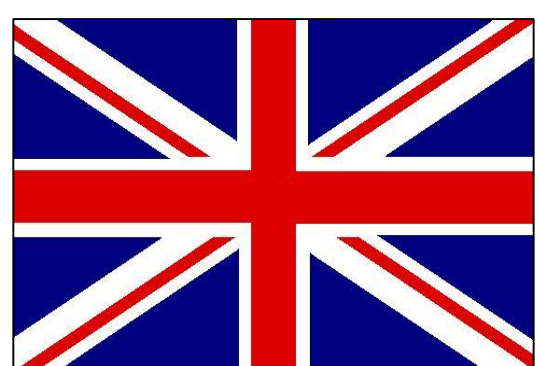
ROMANIA: Terziu Maria,
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TURKEY: Dilsat Tolgay,
Huseyin Avni Asal Primary School,
Samsun PAGE 40



UNITED KINGDOM: Sarah Holt,
Panshanger Primary School, Welwyn
Garden City PAGE 44

